

# SPECIFICATION FOR LCD MODULE

# MODULE NO: AFL800480W-7.0N-7AA0-N MODULE TYPE: COG+FPC+BL REVISION NO: A4

Customer's Approval:

	SIGNATURE	DATE
PREPARED BY (RD ENGINEER)	YY	
CHECKED BY	BW	
APPROVED BY	ХН	

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. General Description	3
2. Physical Features	3
3. Mechanical Specification	3
4. Outline Dimension	4
5. Absolute Maximum Ratings	5
6. Electrical Characteristics	5
7. Module Function Description	7
8. Electro-Optical Characteristics	13
9. Reliability	15
10. Inspection Standards	15
11. Precautions For Using LCD Modules	20
12. Records Of Version	21

# **1. General Description**

AFL800480W-7.0N-7AA0-N is a transmissive type a-Si TFT-LCD (amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display) module, which is composed of a TFT-LCD panel, a driver circuit and a backlight unit. The panel size is 7.0 inch and the resolution is 800(RGB)\*480, The LCM can be easily accessed by micro-controller via parallel interface. The driver ICs are HX8264-D and HX8664-B.

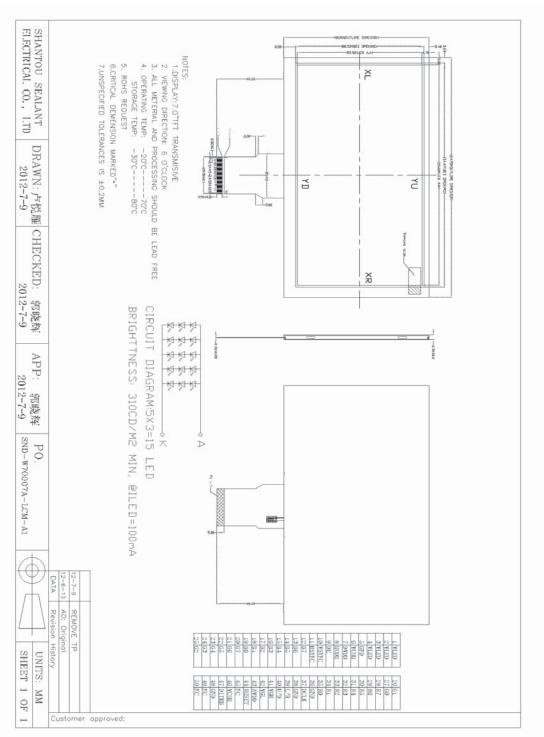
## 2. Physical Features

Item	Contents
Display Mode	TFT-LCD Module
Display Mode	Active matrix TFT, Transmissive type
Display Format	Graphic 800×RGB×480 Dot-matrix
Input Data	24 bit RGB interface
Viewing Direction	6 O'clock

## 3. Mechanical Specification

Item	Contents	Unit
Module size (W×H×T)	164.9X100X3.5	Mm
Number of dots	800(RGB) × 480	dots
Active area (W×H)	153.6X84.64	mm

# 4. Outline Dimension



## **5. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

ltem	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Remark
Power Voltage	VCC	0.3	5.0	V	
Input Voltage	VIN	-0.3	5.0	V	Note1,
Operating temperature	То	-20	70	°C	Note2
Storage temperature	Ts	-30	80	°C	
Humidity			90	%RH	

Remark:

Note 1) The driver IC may be permanently damaged if it is used under the condition exceeding the above absolute maximum values. It is also recommended to use the driver IC within the limit of its electric characteristics during normal operation. Exceeding the conditions may lead to malfunction of it and affect its credibility.

Note 2) The voltage from VSS.

# 6. Electrical Characteristics

ltem	Symphol	Rating			11	Demonto	
Rem	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark	
	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	GND=0V	
	VGH	12.5	15.4	24.5	V	GND=0V	
Power Voltage	VGL	-10	-5.2	-3.0	V	GND=0V	
	AVDD	8.0	9.3	12	V	AGND=0V	
	VCOM	2.0	3.0	4.0	V	GND=0V	
	VIL	GND		0.3*VCC	V	VCC=3.0~	
Input Voltage	VIH	0.7* VCC		VCC	V	3.6V	
	IVCC		7	12	mA	VCC=3.3V	
Current of power supply	IAVDD		10	25	mA		
	Ідн		0.2	1.0	mA		
	Igl		0.2	1.0	mA		

### **TFT LCD Module**

Remark: Note1: Vcom must be adjusted to optimize display quality: Cross-talk, Contrast Ratio and etc.

### **Back-Light Unit**

ltem	Symbol		Rating		Unit	Remark
nem	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Forward voltage	Vf		9.6		V	
Forward current	lf		100		mA	
Power Consumption			0.96		W	

#### Note:

(1) Permanent damage may occur to the LCD module if beyond this specification. Functional

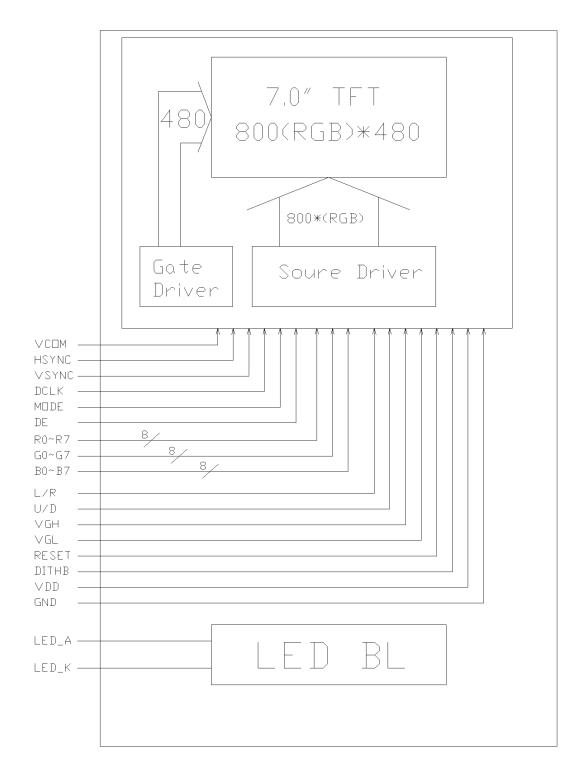
operation should be restricted to the conditions described under normal operating conditions.

(2) Ta =25±2°C

(3) Test Condition: LED current 100 mA

# 7. Module Function Description

### 7.1 Block Diagram Of LCM



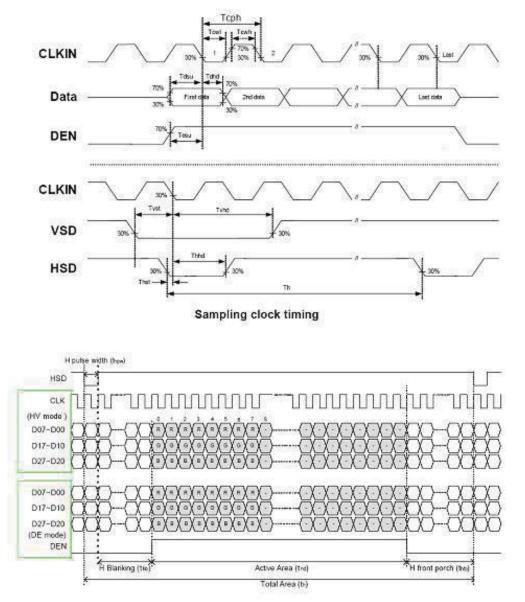
### 7.2 Pin Description

Terminal No.	Symbol	ю	Functions
12	VLED+	Р	Power for LED backlight (Anode)
34	VLED-	Р	Power for LED backlight (Cathode)
5	GND	Р	Analog Ground
6	VCOM	I	Common voltage
7	DVDD	Р	Power for Digital Circuit
8	MODE	I	<b>DE/SYNC mode select, Normally pull high.</b> MODE="1": DE mode. (Default) MODE="0": HSD/VSD mode.
9	DE	Ι	Data Input Enable
10	VSYNC	Ι	Vertical Sync Input
11	HSYNC	Ι	Horizontal Sync Input
12	B7	Ι	Blue data(MSB)
13	B6	Ι	Blue data
14	B5	Ι	Blue data
15	B4	Ι	Blue data
16	B3	Ι	Blue data
17	B2	Ι	Blue data
18	B1	Ι	Blue data
19	B0	Ι	Blue data
20	G7	Ι	Green data(MSB)
21	G6	Ι	Green data
22	G5	Ι	Green data
23	G4	Ι	Green data
24	G3	I	Green data
25	G2	I	Green data
26	G1	I	Green data
27	G0	Ι	Green data (LSB)

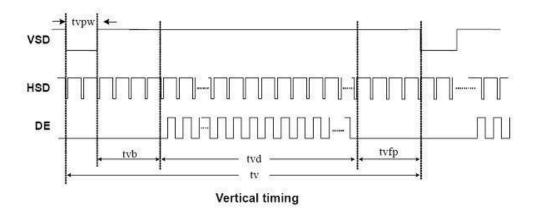
28	R7	I	Red data(MSB)				
29	R6	I	Red data				
30	R5	I	Red data				
31	R4	I	Red data				
32	R3	I	Red data				
33	R2	I	Red data				
34	R1	I	Red data				
35	R0	I	Red data				
36	GND	Р	Power Ground				
37	DCLK	I	Sample clock				
38	GND	Р	Power Ground				
39	L/R	I	Left / right selection, Normally pulled high.   SHLR="1": Shift right: first   data=S1<-S2<-S3				
40	U/D	I	Up/down selection, Normally pulled low. UPDN="0": STV2 output vertical start pulse and UD pin output logical "0" to gate driver. (Default) UPDN="1": STV1 output vertical start pulse and UD pin output logical, "1" to gate driver				
41	VGH	Р	Gate ON Voltage				
42	VGL	Р	Gate OFF Voltage				
43	AVDD	Р	Power for Analog Circuit				
44	RESET	I	Global reset pin.				
45	NC	-	No connection				
46	VCOM	I	Common Voltage				
47	DITHB	I	Dithering function				
48	GND	Р	Power Ground				
49	NC	-	No connection				
50	NC	-	No connection				

### 7.3 Timing Characteristics

### 7.3.1 Data Input Format





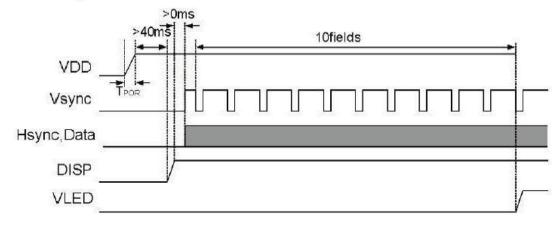


Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
DCLK cycle time	Tcph	25	1		ns	
DCLK frequency	fclk		30	40	MHz	
DCLK pulse duty	Tcwh	40	50	60	%	
VSD setup time	Tvst	8			ns	
VSD hold time	Tvhd	8			ns	
HSD setup time	Thst	8			ns	
HSD hold time	Thhd	8			ns	
Data setup time	Tdsu	8			ns	
Data hold time	Tdhd	8			ns	
DE setup time	Tesu	8	2 2		ns	
DE hold time	Tehd	8	1		ns	
Horizontal display area	thd		800		Tcph	
HSD period time	th		928		Tcph	
HSD pulse width	thpw	1	48		Tcph	
HSD back porch	thb		40		Tcph	
HSD front porch	thfp		40		Tcph	
Vertical display area	tvd		480		th	
VSD period time	tv		525		th	
VSD pulse width	tvpw		3		th	
VSD back porch	tvb		29		th	
VSD front porch	tvfp		13		th	

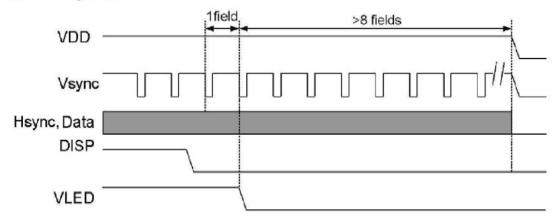
### 7.3.2 AC Electrical Characteristics

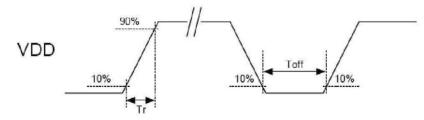
### 7.3.3 Power on/off Sequence

#### **Power On Sequence**



**Power Off Sequence** 





VDD power input timing

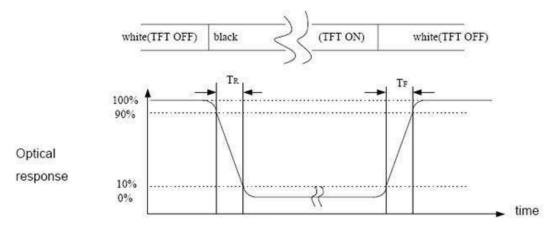
#### Notes:

Data include R0~R7, G0~G7, B0~B7, HSD, VSD, DCLK, DE; Power on sequence: VDD->DISP->Data->VLED; Power off sequence: DISP->VLED->Data->VDD; VDD power input timing: 0.5ms<Tr<10ms, Toff>500ms.

## 8. Electro-Optical Characteristics

ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Remark
Response time	Tr +Tf		/	30	45	ms	Note 1
Contrast Ratio	CR	$\theta x = \theta y$ =0	200	250	/	/	Note 2
Transmittance	Т%		6.4	7.0			
	Wx		0.287	0.307	0.327		
	Wy		0.325	0.345	0.365		
	Rx	$\theta x = \theta y$	0.589	0.609	0.629		
Color	Ry		0.297	0.317	0.337		Reference
chromaticity	Gx	=0	0.297	0.317	0.337		Only
	Gy		0.523	0.543	0.563		
	Bx		0.117	0.137	0.157		
	Ву		0.141	0.161	0.181		
	θL		/	50	/	Deg.	
Viewing engle	θ <sub>R</sub>	CD > 10		50			Note 2
	Viewing angle $\theta_U$	CR ≥ 10		60			Note 3
	θ <sub>D</sub>			55			
Luminance ( I <sub>F</sub> = 100 <i>mA</i> )	L		240	300	/	cd/m2	Note4

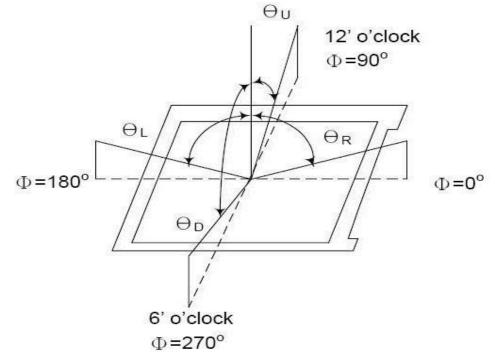
### Note(1) Definition of Response Time:Sum of $T_R$ and $T_F$



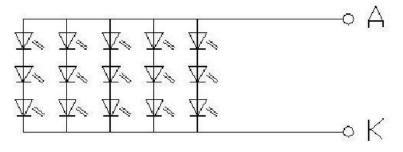
#### Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio(CR):measured at the center point of panel

CR = Luminance with all pixels white Luminance with all pixels black

Note (3) Definition of Viewing Angle x and y:



Note(4) Backlight circuit



# 9. Reliability

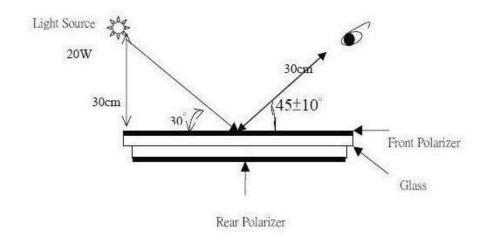
NO.	Item	Condition	Criterion			
1	High Temperature Storage	80 °C, 96Hrs				
2	High Temperature Operatign	70 °C, 96Hrs				
3	Low Temperature Storage	-30 °C, 96Hrs	No			
4	Low Temperature Operating	-20 °C, 96Hrs	abnormalities in			
5	High Temperature/Humidity Non-Operating Test	40 °C,90%RH, 96Hrs	function and			
6	Thermal Shoc Test	-20 °C(60Min)⊠25 °C(5Min)⊠60 °C(60Min) 10 Cycles	appearance			

## **10. Inspection Standards**

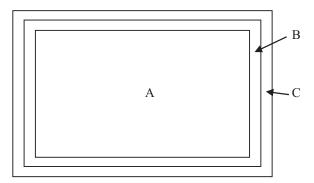
10.1 Basic conditions for inspection

The LCM face to us, in normal environment, the lux is 1000±200.(Darkroom's lux:100±50),

About an angle of incidence 30, a distance of 30cm with normal eye,with an angle of 45 degree to check the products without uncovering the film! (As shown below)



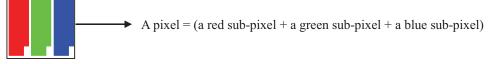
- 10.2 Inspection item and criteria
- 10.2.1 Definitions
  - 1.1 Definitions of Display Area, Visible Area and Invisible Area



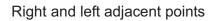
- A: Display Area (D.A.)
- B: Visible Area (V.A.)
- C: Invisible Area (I.A.: After it is assembled, this area is invisible. Thus, the appearance defects of this area are Negligible.)
- 1.2 Defect Level and AQL Value

Level	Defect Descriptions	AQL
Serious	Imperfect display, over display, not-shining backlight and size beyond the	0.4
Defect	blueprint.	0.4
Light	Black and white points, bright/dark points (discovered through electrical	
Light Defect	logging), Glass breakage, bubbles, linear defects, bubbles between	1.0
Delect	spectrometer cliff and glass.	

- 1.3 Sampling Standars: GB2828 (MIL-STD-105E) General inspection level II
- 1.4 Definitions of Point Defects (Pixel Defects)
  - 1.4.1 Pixel and Sub-pixel (refer to the following diagram)



- 1.4.2 Definition of Point: if the area of a defect point is greater than half area of a sub-pixel, this defect point is considered as a point defect.
- 1.4.3 Bright Point: a very bright point, whose size does not change during the test screen changes, probably is noticed in the dark test screen.
- 1.4.4 Dark Point: a dim point, whose size does not change during the test screen changes, probably is noticed in the pure red/green/blue test screen.
- 1.4.5 Two Adjacent Points (Refer to the following diagram)







Up and down adjacent points

Diagonal adjacent points

\* In this part, the black pixel point(s) refer(s) to the defect point(s), the grey pixel point(s) refer(s) to normal point(s).

#### 2.0 Functionality Requirement

2.1 Functional Defects

Defect Description	Schematic or Explanation	Criteria	Defect Level
Imperfect Display	Lack of vertical lines, horizontal lines or do not display, etc.	Not allowed	Serious Defect
Over Display	Too much vertical lines, horizontal lines, cross-lines, or do not display, etc.	Not allowed	Serious Defect

#### 2.2 Point Defects (Bright Point and Dark Point)

		Criteria Acceptable Quantity (V.A. & D.A.)					
Defect	Schematic or Explanation						Defect
Description			< 3.5⊠	3.5 ~ 4.3	4.3~ 7.0	≥7.0	Level
	Normal black screen:						
Bright Point	Every sub-pixel is dark. Green bright point: In the black screen, every sub-pixel should be dark. However, the green sub-pixel is bright.	Red/Green/ Blue Bright Point Adjacent Points	1 0	2	2	3	Light Defect
Dark Point	Normal white screen: Every sub-pixel is bright. Green dark point: In the white screen, every sub-pixel should be bright. However, the green sub-pixel is	Red/Green/ Blue Dark Point Adjacent Points	2	3	4	5	Light Defect

	dark. (Equally applied to pure red/green/blue test screen)					
Notes	The total quantity of point defects should be equal or less than	3	4	5	5	
	The least distance between two point defects is 5mm.					

#### 2.3 Appearance Defects

Defect Description	Schematic or Explanation		Criteria Acceptable Quantity (V.A. & D.A.)				Defect Level
•			< 3.5⊠	3.5~4.3	4.3~7.0	≥7.0	
Glass Cracks			Not allowed	Not allowed	Not allowed	Not allowed	Light Defect
		Φ≤0.10mm	Neglect	Neglect	Neglect	Neglect	
	<b>b</b>	0.10mm<Φ≤0.15mm	2	3	3	3	
	$\Rightarrow$ a $\Rightarrow$ $\uparrow$ $\Phi = (a+b)/2$ mm	0.15mm<Φ≤0.20mm	1	1	2	2	
	- (a) 0// 2 mm	0.20mm<Φ≤0.25mm	1	1	1	2	
Circular		0.25mm<Φ≤0.30mm	0	1	1	1	
Defects (Black		Φ>0.30mm	0	0	0	0	Light
Point/ White Point)	The least distance between defects is 5mm.	Note: the number of these defects, including point defects, is acceptable at most.	3	4	5	5	Defect
Linear Defects	+ L +-	W≤0.03mm & L≤1.0mm	Neglect	Neglect	Neglect	Neglect	Light
(Black Line/ White Line)	W +	W≤0.05mm, L≤2.0mm	2	2	3	3	Defect
		0.05mm <w≤0.10mm, L≤2.0mm</w≤0.10mm, 	1	1	2	3	
		W>0.1mm or L>2.0mm	Decided	by circular d	efects		
Polarizer	Refer to	Ф≤0.15mm	Neglect	Neglect			Light

Indentation, Bubbles	Circular Defects.	0.15mm<Φ≤0.20mm	2	3	Defect
	The least	0.20mm<Φ≤0.3mm	2	2	
	between	Φ>0.30mm	0	0	-
	defects is	Note: the number of	3	4	-
	5mm.	these defects, including point defects, is acceptable at most.	3	4	
Polarizer Scratch	Refer to Line	ar Defects.	Refer to Lin	ear Defects.	Light Defect
FPC Defects: Pinhole Defects, Line Defects	W: Width.	A A B B		B≤3W, NEGLECT. B>3W, REJECTION	Light Defect
FPC Defects:	vv. vviduri.				
Etching Adverse (Wires Protuberance/ Copper	W B		B≤W/4 AND B>W/4 OR	Light Defect	
Residual/ Burrs)	W: Width bet	ween wires.			
FPC Defects:			Acute Angle	e Crease, REJECTION	Light
Crease/ Indentation	N/A		Not-acute NEGLECT	Angle Crease/ Indentation,	Light Defect
SMT: Deviation of Component Welding		B E E		D≥B/2, NEGLECT D <b 2,="" rejection<="" td=""><td>Light Defect</td></b>	Light Defect
Iron Frameworks			D<0.05mm,	urr size on edges: NEGLECT REJECTION	Light Defect
Touch Screen – Black Point/ White Point	Refer to Circ	ular Defects.	Refer to Cir	cular Defects.	Light Defect
Touch Screen - Pit	Refer to Pola	arizer Indentation.	Refer to Po	larizer Indentation.	Light Defect

Touch Screen - Scratch	Refer to Linear Defects.	Refer to Linear Defects.	Light Defect
Touch Screen	Regular Newton's Ring:	Area of Newton's Ring $\leq$ 1/3 Total Display	Light
– Newton's		Ares, NEGLECT.	Defect
Ring	$(\bigcirc)$	Area of Newton's Ring > 1/3 Total Display	
		Ares, REJECTION.	
		Area of Newton's Ring $\leq 1/2$ Total Display	
	Irregular Newton's Ring:	Ares, NEGLECT	
		Area of Newton's Ring > 1/2 Total Display	
		Ares, REJECTION	
	_////) (\\\\	Note: if Newton's Ring ca uses graphic	
		distortion, please REJECT.	

## **11. Precautions For Using LCD Modules**

#### 11.1 Mounting method

The LCD panel of Daxian LCD module consists of two thin glass plates with polarizes which easily be damaged. And since the module in so constructed as to be fixed by utilizing fitting holes in the printed circuit board.

Extreme care should be needed when handling the LCD modules.

#### 11.2 Caution of LCD handling and cleaning

When cleaning the display surface, Use soft cloth with solvent [recommended below] and wipe lightly

- Isopropyl alcohol
- Ethyl alcohol

Do not wipe the display surface with dry or hard materials that will damage the polarizer surface.

Do not use the following solvent:

- Water
- Aromatics

Do not wipe ITO pad area with the dry or hard materials that will damage the ITO patterns

Do not use the following solvent on the pad or prevent it from eingcontaminated:

- Soldering flux
- Chlorine (Cl), Salfur (S)

If goods were sent without being sili8con coated on the pad, ITO patterns could be damaged due to the corrosion as time goes on.

If ITO corrosion happen by miss-handling or using some materials such as Chlorine (CI), Salfur (S) from customer, Responsibility is on customer.

#### 11.3 Caution against static charge

The LCD module use C-MOS LSI drivers, so we recommended that you: Connect any unused input terminal to Vdd or Vss, do not input any signals before power is turned on, and ground your body, work/assembly areas, assembly equipment to protect against static electricity.

## **12. Records of Version**

### **REVISION HISTORY**

Rev	Content	Date
A0	New released	2012-6-13
A1	REMOVE TP	2012-7-9
A2	Indicate ic are HX8264-D and HX8664-B, see page 3; Indicate Electrical Characteristics detaily, see page 5;	2012-8-23
A3	Add Current of power supply, detail see page 5 Modify BL Luminance, detail see page 13	2012-9-8
A4	Charge the power supply, detail see page 5	2012-12-10